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Reg. No. : .....

Name : ....

## Third Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, February 2019 Branch : Chemistry CH/CL/CA/CM 231 : INORGANIC CHEMISTRY – III (2016 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

SECTION - A

Answer **any two** among **(a)**, **(b)** and **(c)** of **each** question. **Each** sub-question carries **2** marks.

- 1. a) NO<sup>+</sup>, CN<sup>-</sup> and CO are isoelectronic species. Arrange them in the decreasing order of their  $\pi$  accepting tendencies. Rationalize your answer.
  - b) How is Zeise's salt prepared ? Give its structure.
  - c) 4-coordinate, 16-electron organometallic species are good catalystes. Why ?
- 2. a) What is macrocyclic effect ? Illustrate with an example.
  - b) What is racemisation reaction ? Explain with an example.
  - c) What is photo-aquation reaction ? Illustrate with an example.
- 3. a) What is the constitution of cell membrane ? Mention the role of metal ions to stabilize the cell membrane.
  - b) What is rubredoxin ? How does it differ from ferredoxins ?
  - c) What is catalase ? What are its functions ?
- 4. a) The IR spectrum of  $Fe(CO)_5$  shows a band at 2024 cm<sup>-1</sup> for v (CO), where as the corresponding band for free CO occurs at 2170 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Account for this.
  - b) The fluorine resonance of BrF<sub>5</sub> contains an intense doublet and a weak quinlet. Predict the structure and explain the spectrum.

- c) What do you mean by Doppler broadening?
- 5. a) What are mass defect and binding energy of nucleus ? How are they related ?
  - b) Define and differentiate half-life period and average life period of a radio nuclide.
  - c) What is nuclear fusion ? What is its importance ? (10×2=20 Marks)

Answer either (a) or (b) of each question. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. a) How are metal nitrosyls synthesized ? Discuss their structures and bonding.
  - b) Discuss the important mechanistic steps involved in the following reaction :

 $n (CH_2 = CH_2) \rightarrow [-CH_2 - CH_2^-]_n$ 

- 7. a) Discuss the factors affecting the stability of complexes.
  - b) Explain the Eigen-Wilkins mechanism for the nucleophilic substitution of an octahedral complex.
- a) Differentiate passive and active transport of alkali metal ions in biological systems.
  - b) Discuss the structure and function of carboxypeptidase A.
- 9. a) What is Cotton effect ? Sketch and explain the ORD and CD curves for a complex which exhibits positive cotton effect.
  - b) How do the Mössbauer spectra of Na<sub>4</sub> [Fe (CN)<sub>6</sub>] and Na<sub>2</sub> [Fe (CN)<sub>5</sub> NO] look like ? Account for the differences.
- 10. a) Discuss briefly the semiempirical mass equation.
  - b) Using one example each, explain heavy ion induced nuclear reaction
    and photonuclear reactions. (5×5=25 Marks)

## SECTION - C

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **10** marks.

- 11. Illustrate the ligational behaviour of cyclopentadiene using ferrocene as an example. How is ferrocene synthesised ? Discuss its structure and bonding.
- 12. Discuss briefly the salient features of outer sphere electron transfer reaction. Illustrate the use of Marcus theory to explain its mechanism.
- 13. What are ferritin and transferrin ? Discuss their structures and functions.
- 14. What is the origin of ESR spectrum ? Predict the ESR spectrum of <u>bis</u> (salicylaldimine) copper (II) and explain. Indicate and justify the differences between the expected spectrum and the observed one.
- 15. Write on :
  - a) Fermi gas nuclear model, its merits and demerits compared to other models.
  - b) Ionization counter principle and working. (3×10=30 Marks)