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B - 4726

First Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, January 2017 Branch: Chemistry CH/CL/CA/CM 212: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I (2013 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION - A

Answer any two among (a), (b) and (c) from each question. Each sub-question carries 2 marks.

1. a) Write IUPAC names of the following.





- b) What do you mean by cotton effect?
- c) What is atropisomerism? Explain it with a suitable example.
- 2. a) How benzynes are generated? How benzynes are trapped?
 - b) How singlet carbene is distinguished from triplet carbene by a chemical method?
 - c) Explain why aromatic amines are weaker bases than aliphatic amines.
- 3. a) Provide a mechanism for the following reaction $CH_3 CH Br CHBr CH_3 \xrightarrow{Z_n} ?$
 - b) Compare an E_1 with an S_N 1 process.
 - c) 2-chloro-2, 4, 4 trimethyl pentane undergoes E, reaction to produce an excess of the less substituted alkene (the Hoffmann product). Explain.



- a) Illustrate the use of boron hydrides for the transformation of isopropanol to n-propanol.
 - b) What is Michael addition? Explain it with a suitable example.
 - c) How would you prepare the following compound from cyclohexanone?

- 5. a) What is R, value in chromatography?
 - b) State the applications of capillary electrophoresis.
 - c) What is paper chromatography? Explain how it is useful in identification of α -amino acids. (2×10=20 Marks)

SECTION - B

Answer either (a) or (b) of each question and each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. a) Write a note on nomenclature of spirocyclic hydrocarbon systems and metal organic compounds.
 - b) State octant and axial haloketone rules with suitable examples.
- 7. a) Write a note on structure, formation and stability of carbon radicals.
 - b) Discuss about different mechanisms in aromatic nucleophilic substitution reaction.
- 8. a) 2-Bromo-1-phenyl propane reacts with NaO ɛt in E to H to give only 1-phenylpropene and the trans-isomer of the product predominates over the cis-isomer. Explain this observation.
 - b) Discuss about the effect of leaving group and substrate structure in nucleophilic substitution reaction.
- 9. a) Write a note on mechanism of esterification and ester hydrolysis.
 - b) On bromination cis-2-butene gives only dl-2, 3-dibromobutane and trans-2-butene gives only the meso-dibromide. Give the mechanism and stereochemistry of addition of bromine to these isomeric-2-butenes.
- 10. a) Explain how TLC is superior over column chromatography.
 - b) Write a note on "Solvent extraction".

(5×5=25 Marks)



SECTION - C

Answer any three questions and each question carries 10 marks.

- 11. Give a brief account on effect of conformation on reactivity of cyclohexane and decalin derivatives.
- 12. Discuss about the reactivity and orientation effects of substituents in aromatic electrophilic substitution reactions.
- 13. Explain the following:
 - a) Non-classical carbocations.
 - b) Competition between $S_N 1$ and $S_N 2$.
- 14. Discuss the following:
 - a) Mechanism and stereochemistry of addition to C = O systems.
 - b) Cis and trans hydroxylation of cycloalkenes.
- 15. Explain the following:
 - a) Adsorption and partition chromatography.
 - b) Detectors.

 $(3\times10=30 \text{ Marks})$